PROHIBITED ACTS

Sec. 9.

(a) GENERAL.-

(1) Except as provided in sections 6(g)(2) and 10 of this Act, with respect to any endangered species of fish or wildlife listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act it is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to-
   (A) import any such species into, or export any such species from the United States;
   (B) take any such species within the United States or the territorial sea of the United States;
   (C) take any such species upon the high seas;
   (D) possess, sell, deliver, carry, transport, or ship, by any means whatsoever, any such species taken in violation of subparagraphs (B) and (C);
   (E) deliver, receive, carry, transport, or ship in interstate or foreign commerce, by any means whatsoever and in the course of a commercial activity, any such species;
   (F) sell or offer for sale in interstate or foreign commerce any such species;
   (G) violate any regulation pertaining to such species or to any threatened species of fish or wildlife listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act and promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to authority provided by this Act.

(2) Except as provided in sections 6(g)(2) and 10 of this Act, with respect to any endangered species of plants listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act, it is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to-
   (A) import any such species into, or export any such species from, the United States;
   (B) remove and reduce to possession any such species from areas under Federal jurisdiction; maliciously damage or destroy any such species on any such area; or remove, cut, dig up, or damage or destroy any such species on any other area in knowing violation of any law or regulation of any state or in the course of any violation of state criminal trespass law;
   (C) deliver, receive, carry, transport, or ship in interstate or foreign commerce, by any means whatsoever and in the course of a commercial activity, any such species;
   (D) sell or offer for sale in interstate or foreign commerce any such species;
   (E) violate any regulation pertaining to such species or to any threatened species of plants listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act and promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to authority provided by this Act.

(b)

(1) SPECIES HELD IN CAPTIVITY OR CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT. The provisions of subsections (a)(1)(A) and (a)(1)(G) of this section shall not apply to any fish or wildlife which was held in captivity or in a controlled environment on
   (A) December 28, 1973, or
   (B) the date of the publication in the Federal Register of a final regulation adding such fish or wildlife species to any list published pursuant to subsection (c) of section 4 of this Act: Provided, That such holding and any subsequent holding or use of the fish or wildlife was not in the course of a commercial activity. With respect to any act prohibited by subsections (a)(1)(A) and (a)(1)(G) of this section which occurs after a period of 180 days from
      (i) December 28, 1973, or
      (ii) the date of publication in the Federal Register of a final regulation adding such fish or wildlife species to any list published pursuant to subsection (c) of section 4 of this Act, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the fish or wildlife involved in such act is not entitled to the exemption contained in this subsection.

(2)

(A) The provisions of subsections (a)(1) shall not apply to-
   (i) any raptor legally held in captivity or in a controlled environment on the effective date of the Endangered Species Act Amendments of 1978; or
any progeny of any raptor described in clause (i); until such time as any such raptor or progeny is intentionally returned to a wild state.

B) Any person holding any raptor or progeny described in subparagraph (A) must be able to demonstrate that the raptor or progeny does, in fact, qualify under the provisions of this paragraph, and shall maintain and submit to the Secretary, on request, such inventories, documentation, and records as the Secretary may by regulation require as being reasonably appropriate to carry out the purposes of this paragraph. Such requirements shall not unnecessarily duplicate the requirements of other rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

(c) VIOLATION OF CONVENTION.-
(1) It is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to engage in any trade in any specimens contrary to the provisions of the Convention, or to possess any specimens traded contrary to the provisions of the Convention, including the definitions of terms in article I thereof
(2) Any importation into the United States of fish or wildlife shall, if-
(A) such fish or wildlife is not an endangered species listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act but is listed in Appendix II of the Convention;
(B) the taking and exportation of such fish or wildlife is not contrary to the provisions of the Convention and all other applicable requirements of the Convention have been satisfied;
(C) the applicable requirements of subsections (d), (e), and (f) of this section have been satisfied; and
(D) such importation is not made in the course of a commercial activity; be presumed to be an importation not in violation of any provision of this Act or any regulation issued pursuant to this Act.

(d) IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.-
(1) IN GENERAL.-It is unlawful for any person, without first having obtained permission from the Secretary, to engage in business-
(A) as an importer or exporter of fish or wildlife (other than shellfish and fishery products which
(i) are not listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act as endangered species or threatened species, and
(ii) are imported for purposes of human or animal consumption or taken in waters under the jurisdiction of the United States or on the high seas for recreational purposes) or plants; or
(B) as an importer or exporter of any amount of raw or worked African elephant ivory.
(2) REQUIREMENTS.-Any person required to obtain permission under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall-
(A) keep such records as will fully and correctly disclose each importation or exportation of fish, wildlife, plants, or African elephant ivory made by him and the subsequent disposition made by him with respect to such fish, wildlife, plants, or ivory;
(B) at all reasonable times upon notice by a duly authorized representative of the Secretary, afford such representative access to his place of business, an opportunity to examine his inventory of imported fish, wildlife, plants, or African elephant ivory and the records required to be kept under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, and to copy such records; and
(C) file such reports as the Secretary may require.
(3) REGULATIONS.-The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as are necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of this subsection.
(4) RESTRICTION ON CONSIDERATION OF VALUE OR AMOUNT OF AFRICAN ELEPHANT IVORY IMPORTED OR EXPORTED.-In granting permission under this subsection for importation or exportation of African elephant ivory, the Secretary shall not vary the requirements for obtaining such permission on the basis of the value or amount of ivory imported or exported under such permission.
(e) REPORTS.-It is unlawful for any person importing or exporting fish or wildlife (other than shellfish
and fishery products) which
(1) are not listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act as endangered or threatened species, and
(2) are imported for purposes of human or animal consumption or taken in waters under the
jurisdiction of the United States or on the high seas for recreational purposes) or plants to fail
to file any declaration or report as the Secretary deems necessary to facilitate enforcement of
this Act or to meet the obligations of the Convention.

(f) DESIGNATION OF PORTS.-
(1) It is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to import into
or export from the United States any fish or wildlife (other than shellfish and fishery products
which
(A) are not listed pursuant to section 4 of this Act as endangered species or
threatened species, and
(B) are imported for purposes of human or animal consumption or taken in waters
under the jurisdiction of the United States or on the high seas for recreational
purposes) or plants, except at a port or ports designated by the Secretary of the
Interior. For the purposes of facilitating enforcement of this Act and reducing the
costs thereof, the Secretary of the Interior, with approval of the Secretary of the
Treasury and after notice and opportunity for public hearing, may, by regulation,
designate ports and change such designations. The Secretary of the Interior, under
such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, may permit the importation or
exportation at nondesignated ports in the interest of the health or safety of the fish or
wildlife or plants, or for other reasons if, in his discretion, he deems it appropriate and
consistent with the purpose of this subsection.

(2) Any port designated by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority of section 4(d) of
the Act of December 5, 1969 (16 U.S.C. 666cc 4(d), shall, if such designation is in effect on the
day before the date of the enactment of this Act, be deemed to be a port designated by the
Secretary under paragraph (1) of this subsection until such time as the Secretary otherwise
provides.

(g) VIOLATIONS.-It is unlawful for any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to
attempt to commit, solicit another to commit, or cause to be committed, any offense defined in this
section.